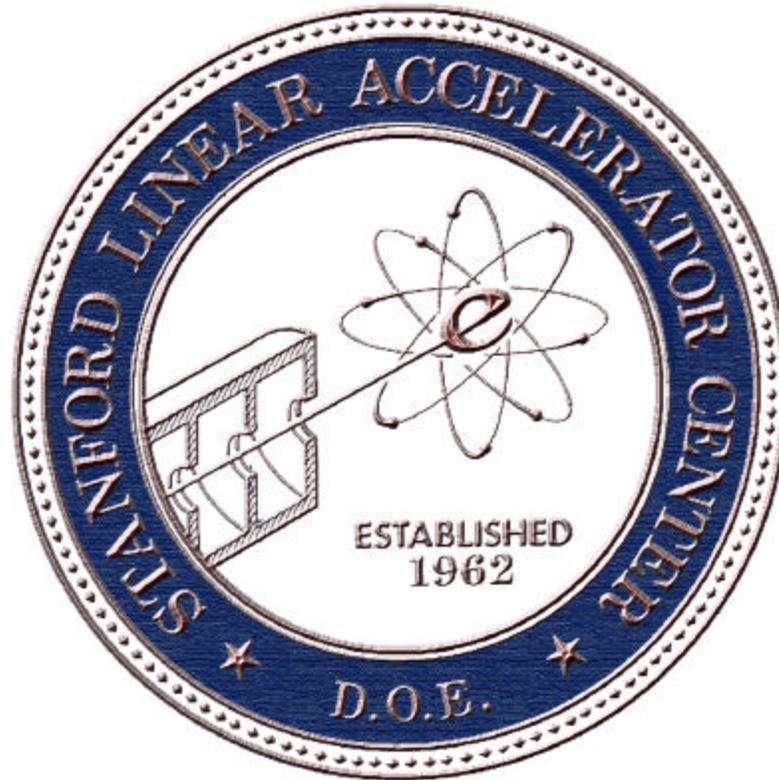


# PEP-II/BABAR Status and Plans



By Jonathan Dorfan, Director

**HEPAP Meeting, Washington DC**

January 29, 2002



## Recent PEP-II Luminosity Increase

- ✍ **From June through December 2001, the PEP-II luminosity increased from  $3.3$  to  $4.5 \times 10^{33}$  and the integrated luminosity from  $175$  to  $309 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$**
- ✍ **Reasons for increase:**
  - ✍ **Number of bunches:  $692$  ✍  $796$**
  - ✍ **LER vert. dispersion:  $250 \text{ mm rms}$  ✍  $50 \text{ mm rms}$**
  - ✍ **HER current:  $800 \text{ mA}$  ✍  $1005 \text{ mA}$**
  - ✍ **LER current:  $1550$  ✍  $1758 \text{ mA}$**
  - ✍ **HER  $\sigma_x^*$ :  $60 \text{ cm}$  ✍  $50 \text{ cm}$**



## PEP-II Records

### Peak Luminosity

Last update:  
Dec 23, 2001

**4.513?  $10^{33}$  cm<sup>??</sup>sec<sup>??</sup>**

December 15, 2001

**762 bunches    1675 mA LER    975 mA HER**

### Integration records of delivered luminosity

Best shift (8hrs)

**106.2 pb<sup>??</sup>**

Dec 22, 2001

Best 3 shifts in a row

**308.8 pb<sup>??</sup>**

Dec 22-23, 2001

Best 7 days

**1.865 fb<sup>??</sup>**

Oct 23-29, 2001

Best month

**6.35 fb<sup>??</sup>**

October 2001

**Total delivered**

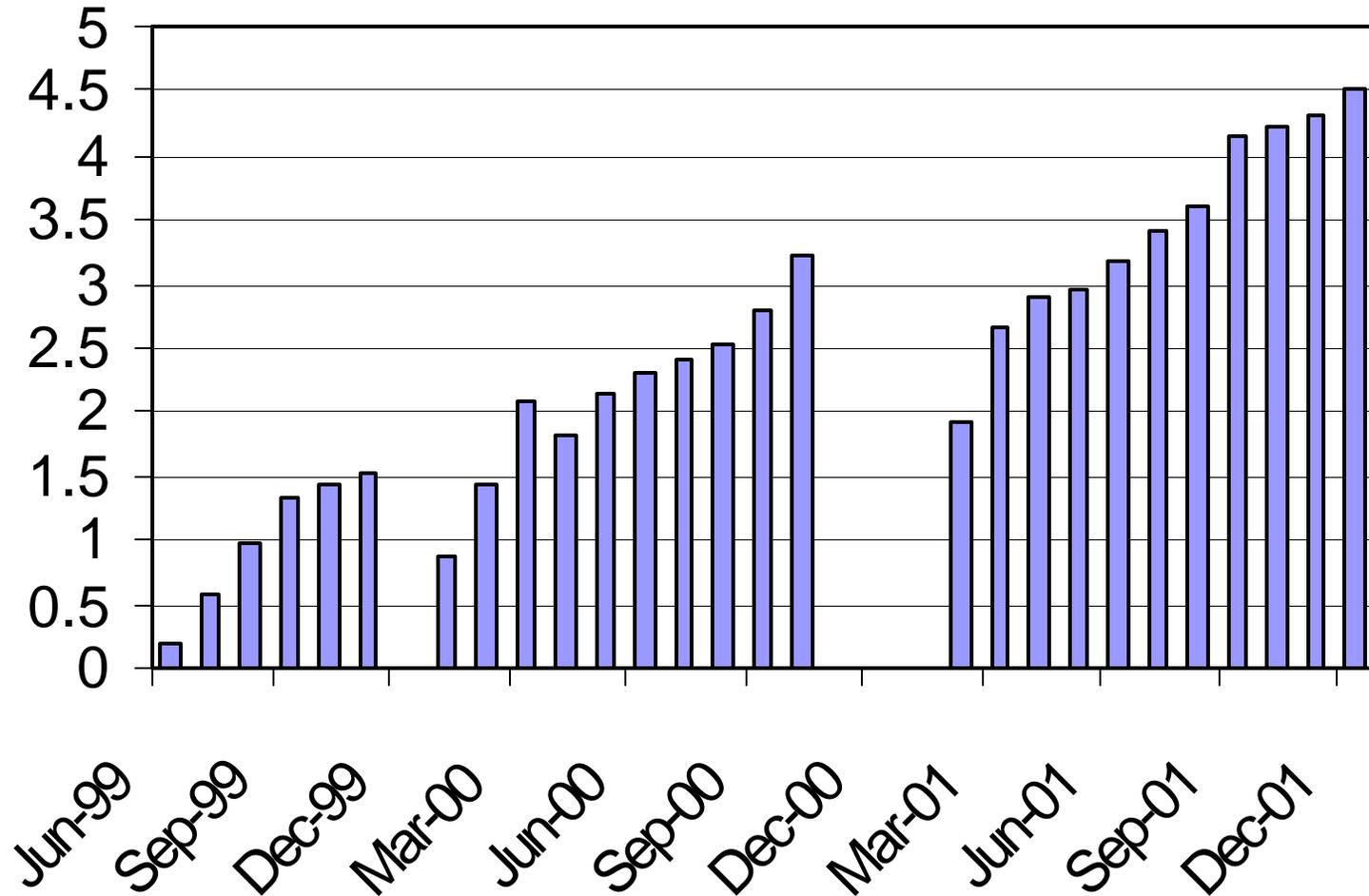
**70.7 fb<sup>??</sup>**

In First Two Years

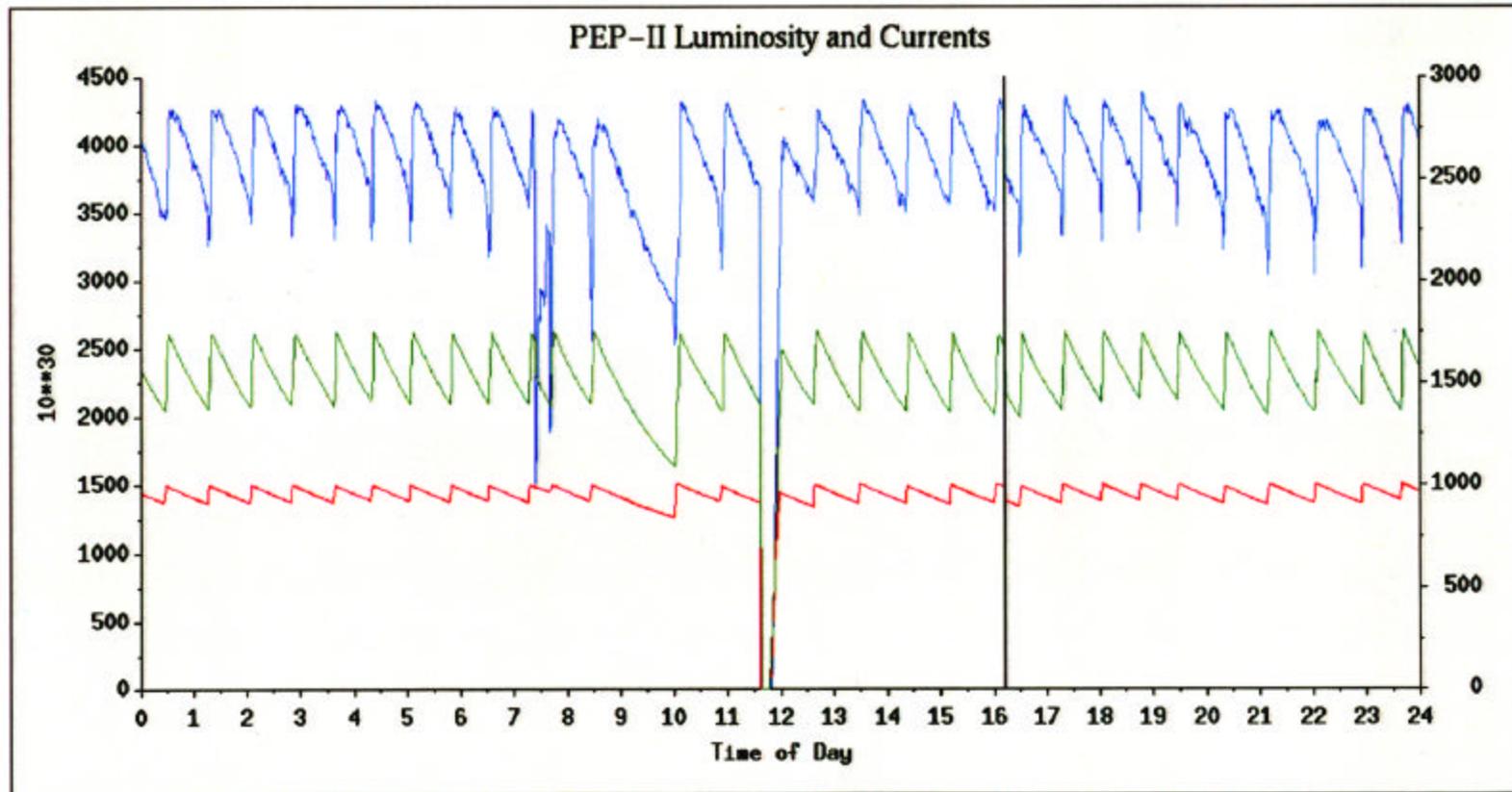
Design was  $30\text{fb}^{-1}/\text{year}$ . Current daily average corresponds to  $> 60\text{fb}^{-1}/\text{year}$



# Maximum PEP-II Luminosity (x1E33)



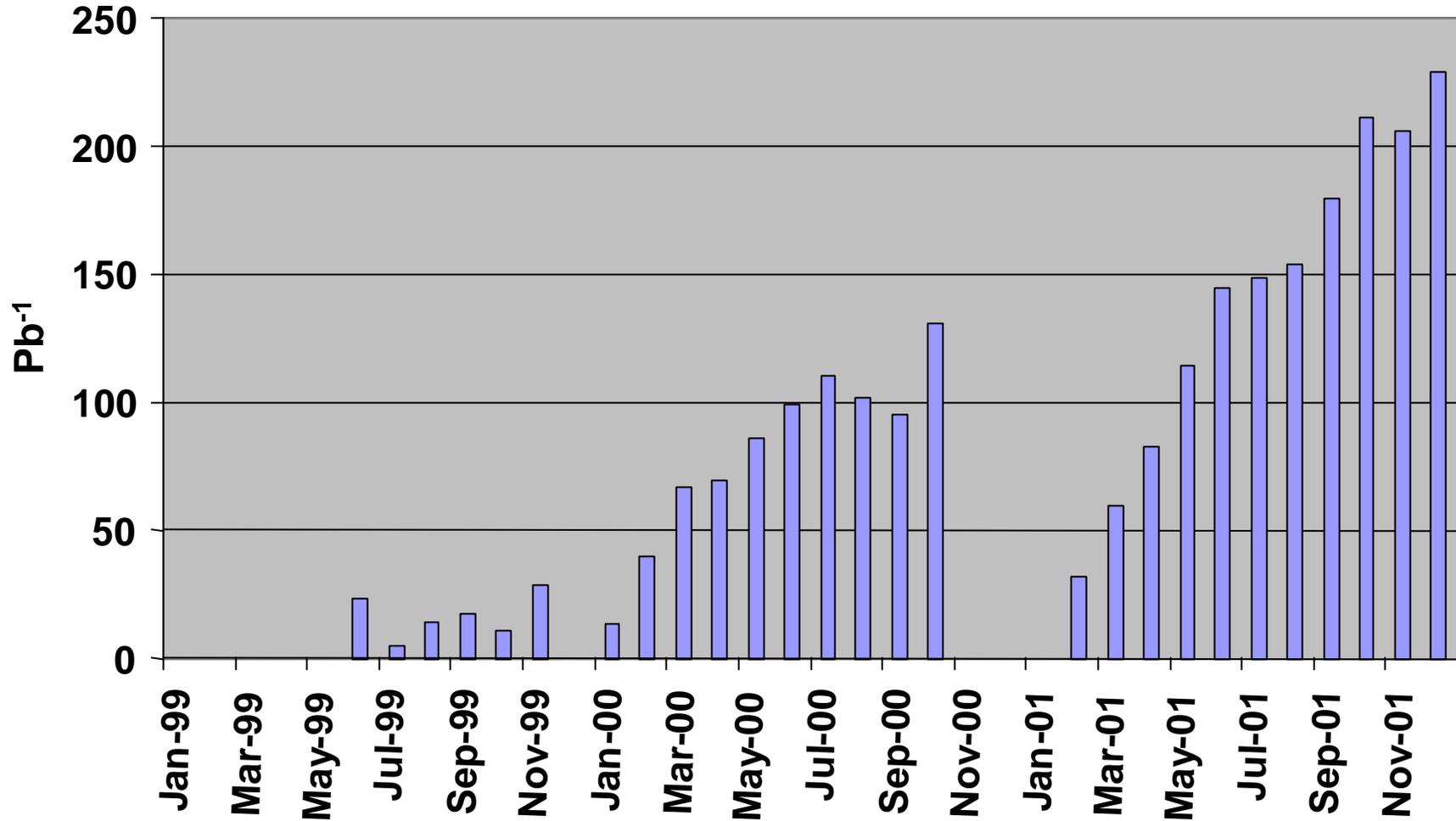
|                           |                               |             |                               |                           |       |             |     |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------|-----|
| I HER                     | I LER                         | Luminosity  | Spec Lum                      | E HER                     | E LER | E CM        |     |
| <b>985.05</b>             | <b>1661.98</b>                | <b>4244</b> | 2.06                          | 8992                      | 3120  | 10594       |     |
| mA                        | mA                            | $10^{30}$   | $N \cdot 10^{30} /$<br>$mA^2$ | MeV                       | MeV   | MeV         |     |
| N Buckets/HER Pattern     |                               |             |                               | N Buckets/LER Pattern     |       |             |     |
| 796                       | by4_trains_of_23_off_by_2_her |             | 796                           | by4_trains_of_23_off_by_2 |       |             |     |
| Last Owl/Day/Swing/24 Hr: |                               | 105.0       | 97.6                          | 106.2                     | 308.8 | Shift: 2.00 | /pb |
| Peak Luminosities:        |                               | 4339        | 4353                          | 4395                      |       | 4353        |     |



12/23/2001 16:13:16



# PEP-II Daily Average for each Month



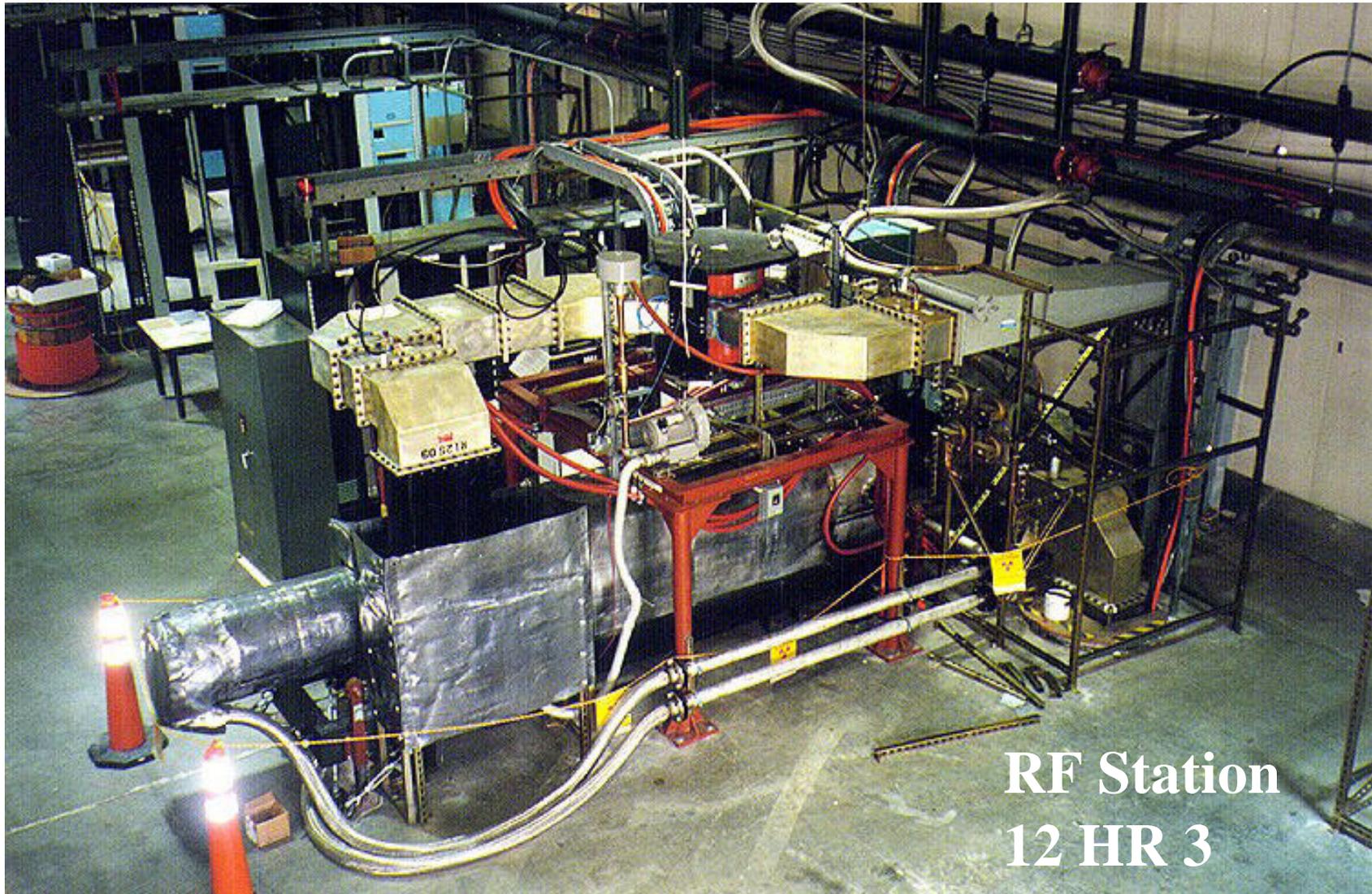


## PEP-II Near Term Plans

- ✍ **Present run will end July 1, 2002**
- ✍ **Luminosity goal by June 2001 is  $5 \times 10^{33}$**
- ✍ **Total integrated luminosity of  $100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in June 2002**
- ✍ **Followed by a four month down**
  - ✍ **Two HER RF stations, New Q2 chamber**
  - ✍ **New kicker feedthrus, HER upstream collimator**



# PEP-II *B* Factory



RF Station  
12 HR 3



## Other PEP-II parameters tried but not ready for production collisions

- ✍  $\sigma_y^*$ : 12.5 ✍ 11.5 mm (problem: e+ lifetime)
- ✍ Horizontal tunes 0.58 ✍ 0.52 (LER beta beats large)
- ✍ Trickle charge -- constant e+ injection (BaBar bkgds)
- ✍ Bunch spacing of 2 RF buckets (5% parasitic beam-beam tune shift loss)
- ✍ Add third LER RF station (short bunches heat IR Beampipe bellows)
- ✍ HER emittance 50 nm ✍ 38 nm (steers LER)
- ✍ HER/LER  $\sigma_x^*$  50 cm ✍ 35 cm (larger vertical tune shifts)



## PEP-II and KEKB Schedules

---

| <b>✍ Accelerator:</b>     | <b><u>PEP-II</u></b> | <b><u>KEKB</u></b> |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| <b>✍ Winter shut down</b> | <b>Dec 23</b>        | <b>Dec 27</b>      |
| <b>✍ Winter turn on</b>   | <b>Jan 11</b>        | <b>Jan 15</b>      |
| <b>✍ Summer shut down</b> | <b>July 1</b>        | <b>July 1</b>      |
| <b>✍ Fall turn on</b>     | <b>Nov 1</b>         | <b>Sept 1</b>      |



## USA [37/261]

California Institute of Technology  
UC, Irvine  
UC, Los Angeles  
UC, San Diego  
UC, Santa Barbara  
UC, Santa Cruz  
U of Cincinnati  
U of Colorado  
Colorado State  
Florida A&M  
Harvard  
U of Iowa  
Iowa State U  
LBNL  
LLNL  
U of Louisville  
U of Maryland  
U of Massachusetts, Amherst  
MIT  
U of Mississippi  
Mount Holyoke College  
Northern Kentucky U  
U of Notre Dame  
ORNL/Y-12  
U of Oregon  
U of Pennsylvania  
Prairie View A&M  
Princeton  
SLAC  
SUNY Albany  
U of South Carolina  
Stanford U  
U of Tennessee  
U of Texas at Austin  
U of Texas at Dallas  
Vanderbilt  
U of Wisconsin  
Yale

## The *BABAR* Collaboration

9 Countries  
74 Institutions  
527 Physicists

50% Outside US

## Canada [4/15]

U of British Columbia  
McGill U  
U de Montréal  
U of Victoria

## China [1/5]

Inst. of High Energy Physics, Beijing

## France [5/52]

LAPP, Annecy  
LAL Orsay  
LPNHE des Universités Paris 6/7  
Ecole Polytechnique  
CEA, DAPNIA, CE-Saclay

## Germany [3/24]

U Rostock  
Ruhr U Bochum  
Technische U Dresden

## Italy [12/94]

INFN and U Bari  
INFN and U Ferrara  
Lab. Nazionali di Frascati dell' INFN  
INFN and U Genova  
INFN and U Milano  
INFN and U Napoli  
INFN and U Padova  
INFN and U Pavia  
INFN, SNS and U Pisa  
INFN, Roma and U "La Sapienza"  
INFN and U Torino  
INFN and U Trieste

## Norway [1/3]

U of Bergen

## Russia [1/8]

Budker Institute, Novosibirsk

## United Kingdom [10/65]

U of Birmingham  
U of Bristol  
Brunel University  
U of Edinburgh  
U of Liverpool  
Imperial College  
Queen Mary & Westfield College  
Royal Holloway, University of London  
U of Manchester  
Rutherford Appleton Laboratory



# Building for the Future!

| <b>POST DOC/GRAD STUDENT SUMMARY</b>                       |                      |                  |
|--|----------------------|------------------|
| <i>(BaBar Physicist Members, not including Associates)</i> |                      | <i>02/10/01</i>  |
| <b>Country</b>   | <b>Grad Students</b> | <b>Post-docs</b> |
| CANADA   | 4                    | 4                |
| CHINA  | 0                    | 0                |
| FRANCE   | 10                   | * 2              |
| GERMANY  | 14                   | 3                |
| ITALY  | 21                   | * 12             |
| NORWAY   | 1                    | 0                |
| RUSSIA   | 0                    | * 0              |
| UK   | 25                   | 19               |
| USA  | 56                   | 59               |
| <b>Totals</b>  | <b>131</b>           | <b>99</b>        |

\* **Underestimated** -- people obtain permanent positions very early

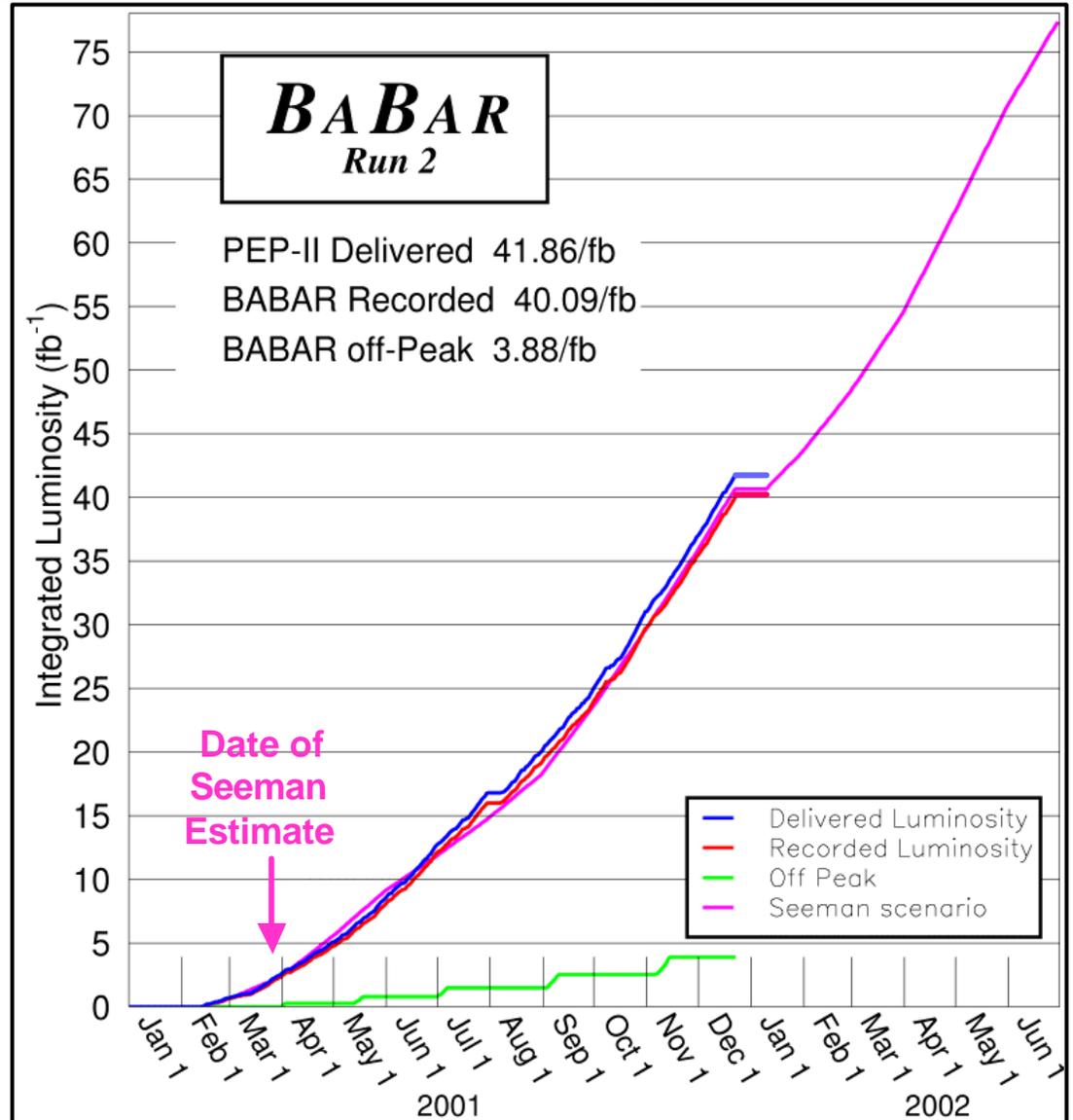
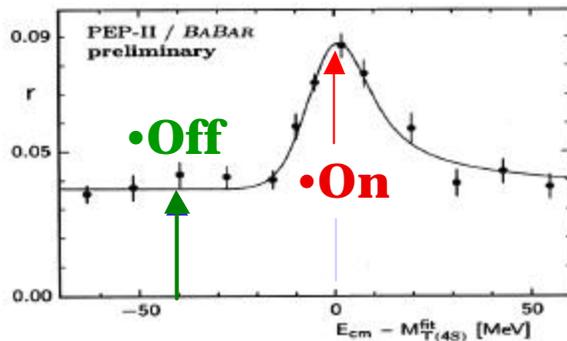


# 2000 – 2002 Operations

- ✦ 24  $fb^{-1}$  in 2000
- ✦ 40  $fb^{-1}$  in 2001
- ✦ 36  $fb^{-1}$  by June 30 '02
- ✦ 4-month shutdown

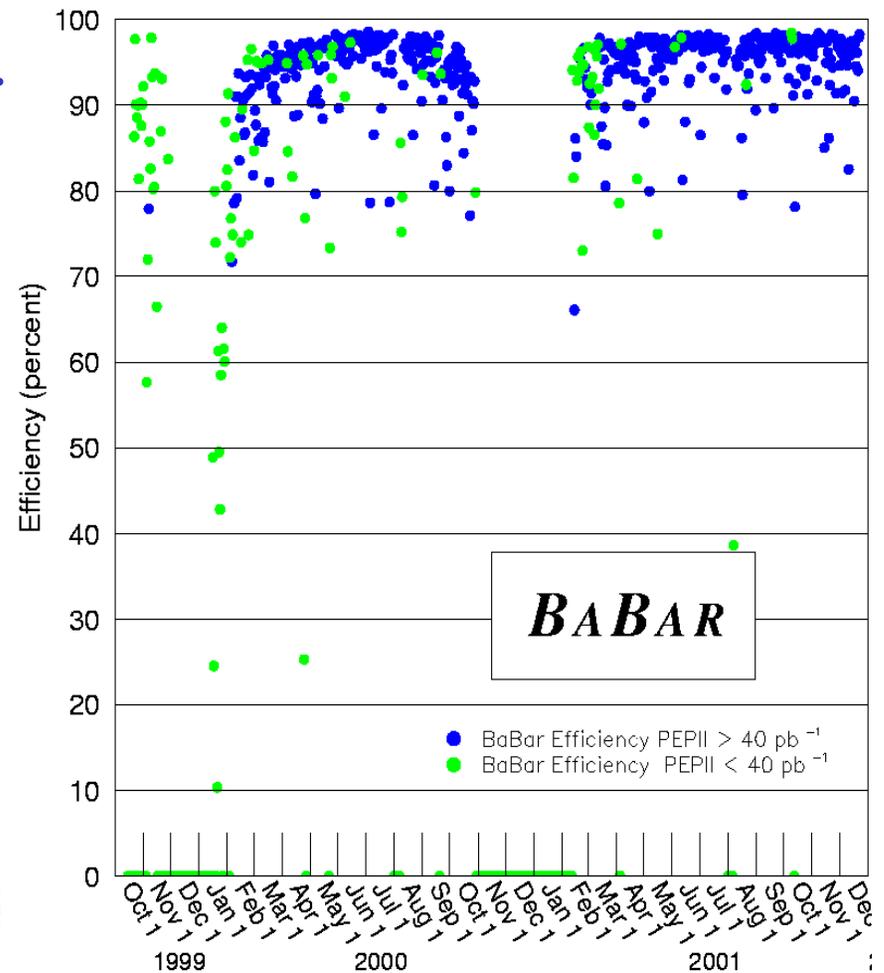
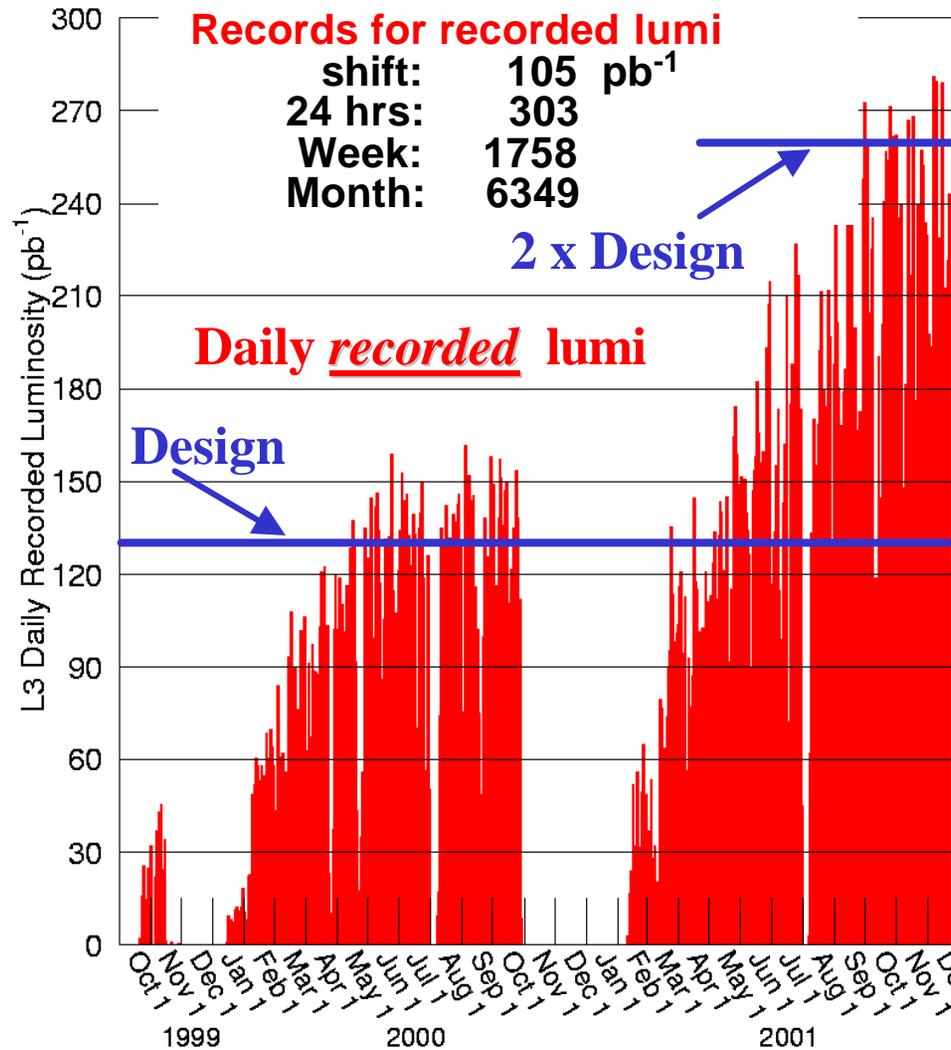
100  $fb^{-1}$  by June 30

(~12% off peak)  
 $\Upsilon(4S)$  Energy Scan





# PEPII/BaBAR Performance





# Physics Reach of BABAR

## ✍ **B Physics: A B factory**

✍ **The Primary testing ground for the *CP* mechanism of the SM**

### ✍ **The CKM Matrix**

✍ **Is it complex?**

✍ **Precision measurement of its parameters, by measurements of *CP* violation in B decays,  $B\bar{B}$  mixing, B lifetime,  $B_r$  for hadronic, semi-leptonic, and leptonic B decays.**

✍ **Rare B decays and search for physics beyond the SM.**

## ✍ **Charm Physics: A charm factory**

✍ **Search for  $D^0$ - $D^0(\bar{)}$  mixing, and *CP* violation in D decays.**

✍ **Charmed hadron Lifetimes**

✍ **Strong interaction effects in charmed hadron decays**

✍ **Engineering information: Absolute branching ratios**

## ✍ **Tau Physics: A Tau factory**

## ✍ **Physics with the ISR events:**

✍ **Measuring R vs  $\sqrt{s}$**

✍ **Measuring absolute branching ratios of charm decays**



# BABAR Physics Results

- ✍ Journal publication
- ✍ Submitted for Publication
- ✍ Preliminary Conference Presentation

## CP Violation Studies

- ✍ CP violation in B Decays to charmonium states ( $\sin^2\theta$ )
- ✍ Direct CPV in 2-body charmless Decays ( $B \rightarrow K^-, B \rightarrow \pi^0, B \rightarrow \rho^0$ )
- ✍ CP violation in the decay  $B \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$  ( $\sin^2\theta$  eff)
- ✍ Direct CP violation in B Decays to charmonium states
- ✍ Direct CP violation in quasi 2-body charmless Decays
- ✍ CP violation in mixing with Dileptons
- ✍ CP violation in B Decays to Double-Charm states ( $\sin^2\theta$ )

## Charmonium Studies

- ✍  $J/\psi$  production in continuum
- ✍  $J/\psi K^*$  angular analysis
- ✍ Exclusive branching fractions
- ✍  $J/\psi K$  versus  $J/\psi \pi$
- ✍  $(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^- / (2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
- ✍ Inclusive branching fractions

## Charmless B Decays

- ✍ Branching Ratios for 2-body charmless decays:  
 $B \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^+, B \rightarrow K^-\pi^+, B \rightarrow K^-\pi^0, B \rightarrow K^-\rho^0, B \rightarrow K^-\rho^+$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow \pi^0$  (with  $K, K_s$  or  $K^*$ )
- ✍  $B \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-) (\pi^+\pi^-)$
- ✍ Inclusive  $B \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X_s$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow a^0 (\pi^+\pi^-)$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow 3$ -body ( $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$ )
- ✍  $B \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-) (K^*, \pi^+\pi^-)$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-) (K^*)$
- ✍ 4-prong modes ( $B \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ )

## B Lifetimes and Mixing

- ✍  $B^0$  and  $B^+$  Lifetimes with fully Reconstructed hadronic B decays
- ✍  $B^0$  Mixing with Dilepton Events
- ✍  $B^0$  mixing with fully reconstructed hadronic B decays
- ✍  $B^0$  mixing, lifetimes with Semileptonic decays
- ✍ B lifetimes with Dilepton Events
- ✍ B Lifetimes with partially reconstructed B's
- ✍  $B^0$  mixing with partially reconstructed B's



# BABAR Physics Results

- ✍ Journal publication
- ✍ Submitted for Publication
- ✍ Preliminary Conference Presentation

## Radiative Penguins

- ✍  $B \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow K^* \gamma$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \ell \ell$
- ✍  $b \rightarrow s \gamma$  - semi inclusive
- ✍ limits on  $B \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \gamma$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow s \gamma \gamma$  - fully inclusive

## B Decays to Open Charm

- ✍  $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} D^{(*)}$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} D^{(*)} K$  modes
- ✍ Ratio of Br. For  $B \rightarrow D K / B \rightarrow D^* K$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D^{(*)}$  & Inclusive  $D_s$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow DD^{(*)}$
- ✍ Ratio of  $B \rightarrow D^* K / B \rightarrow D^{(*)} K$  (Partially Reco)
- ✍ Color suppressed modes:  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

## Semileptonic B Decays

### $V_{ub}$ & $V_{cb}$ measurements

- ✍ Ratio of  $B^0$  &  $B^+$  SL Branching Fractions
- ✍ Semi-leptonic B Branching Fractions
- ✍ Branching Fracs for  $B \rightarrow \ell \ell \ell \ell$  /  $|V_{ub}|$
- ✍  $|V_{ub}|$  from Lepton Spectrum
- ✍ Exclusive  $D^{(*)} \ell \ell$  /  $|V_{cb}|$

## Charm Physics

- ✍ Lifetime-Differences:  $D^0 \rightarrow K \pi \pi$  vs  $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$
- ✍ Wrong sign fraction in  $D^0$  Decays
- ✍ Limits on  $D^0$  mixing
- ✍ Dalitz analyses ( $D_s$  and  $D^0$  Decays)
- ✍ Branching fraction For  $\tau \rightarrow \rho \pi$ ?
- ✍ D-mixing with SL
- ✍ Branching fract for charm Decays with  $\tau$  / QED

## Leptonic B Decays

- ✍  $B \rightarrow \ell \ell \ell \ell$
- ✍  $B \rightarrow \ell \ell \ell \ell \ell$

## ISR events Inclusive Hadron Spectra

- ✍  $\tau \rightarrow \rho \pi$
- ✍ CP violation in  $\tau$  decays



# $\mathcal{CP}$ with BABAR

$$V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0$$

$B^0?$   $??, ??, a^0?$

B.R.  $\sim$  few  $10^{-6}$

Theoretically uncertain

$V_{ub}$

$V_{td}$

$\sim 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   
needed for a  
first pass

$B^0?$   $DK, D^*?$

Eff B.R.  $\sim 10^{-7}$ ; tough!!

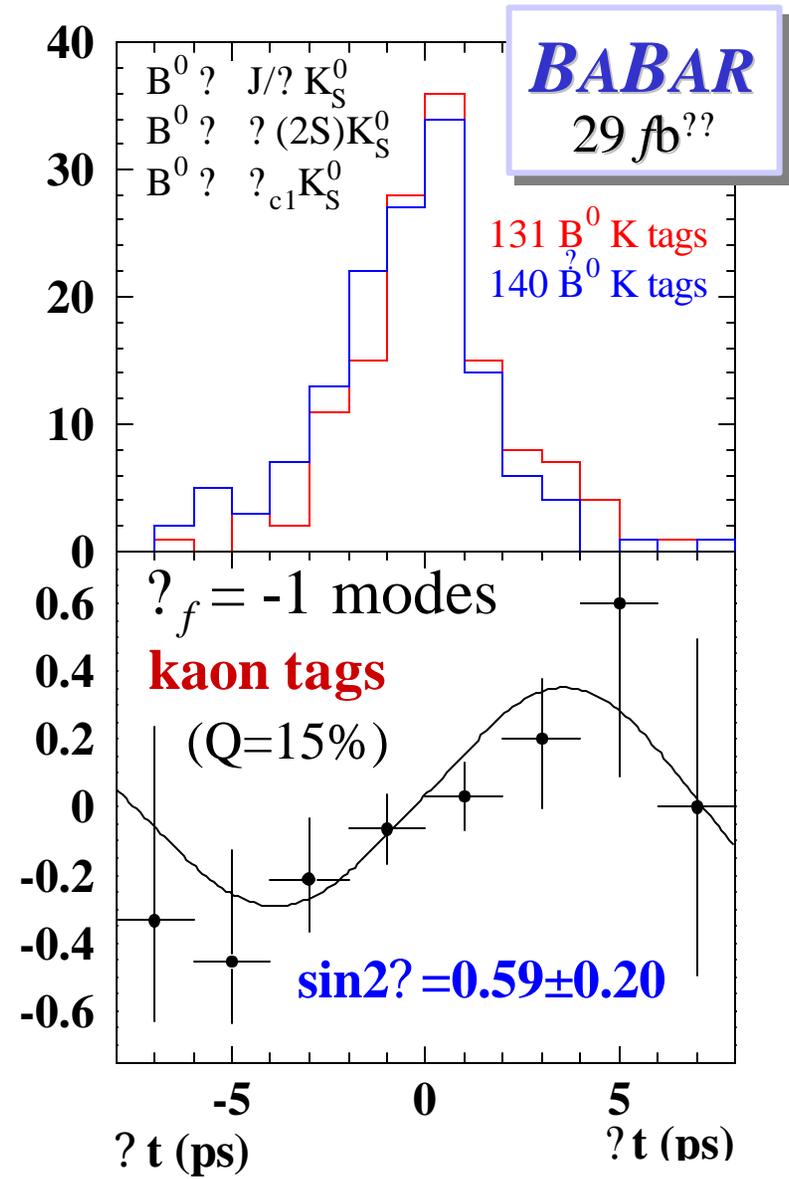
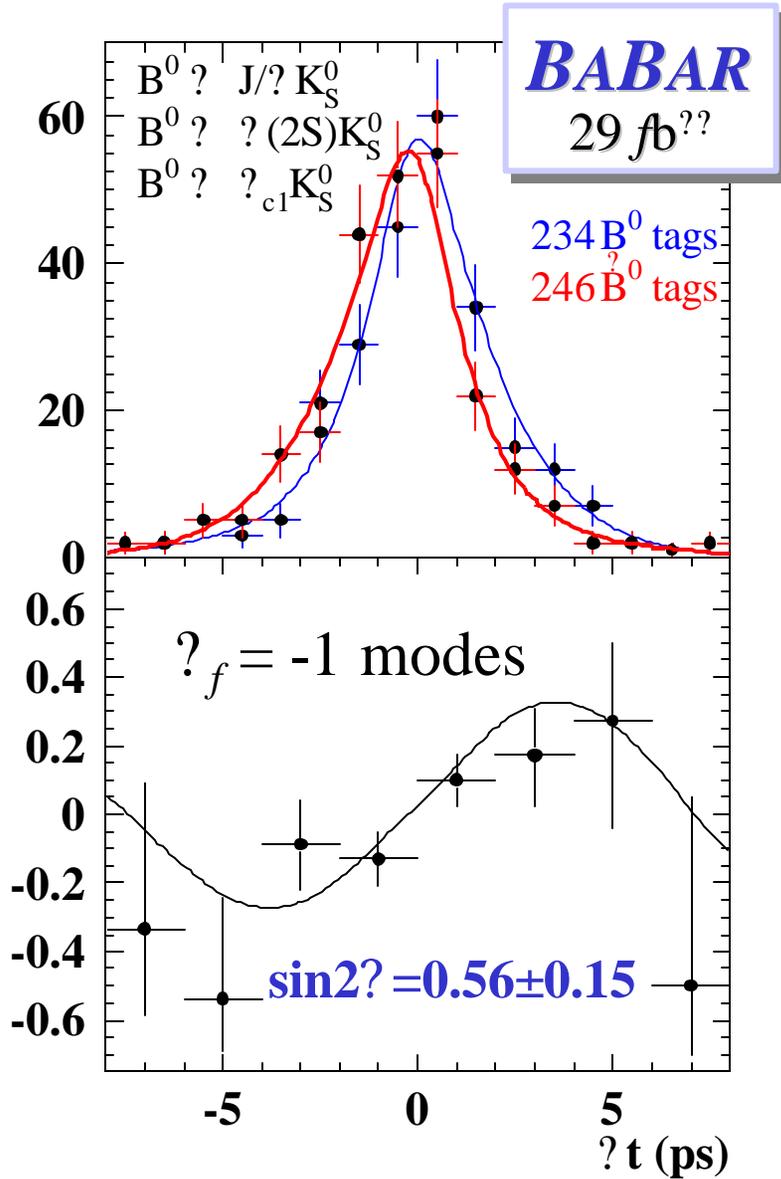
$V_{cb}$

$B^0?$   $J/\psi? K^0_S$

Very clean,  
Eff B.R.  $\sim 10^{-4}$

# Raw Asymmetries

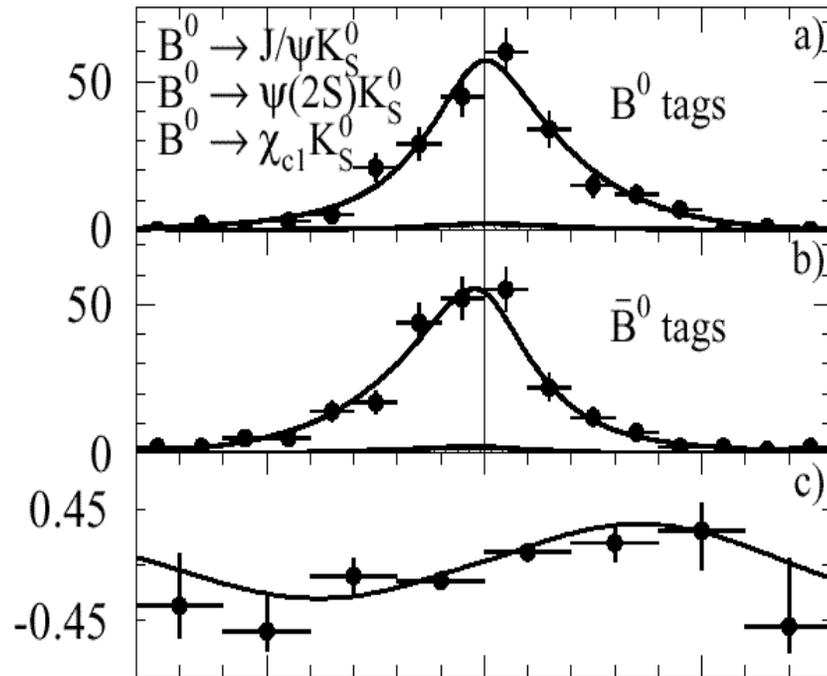
$$A_{CP}(\Delta t) \approx 1 - 2w \sin 2\beta \sin(\Delta m_d \Delta t)$$



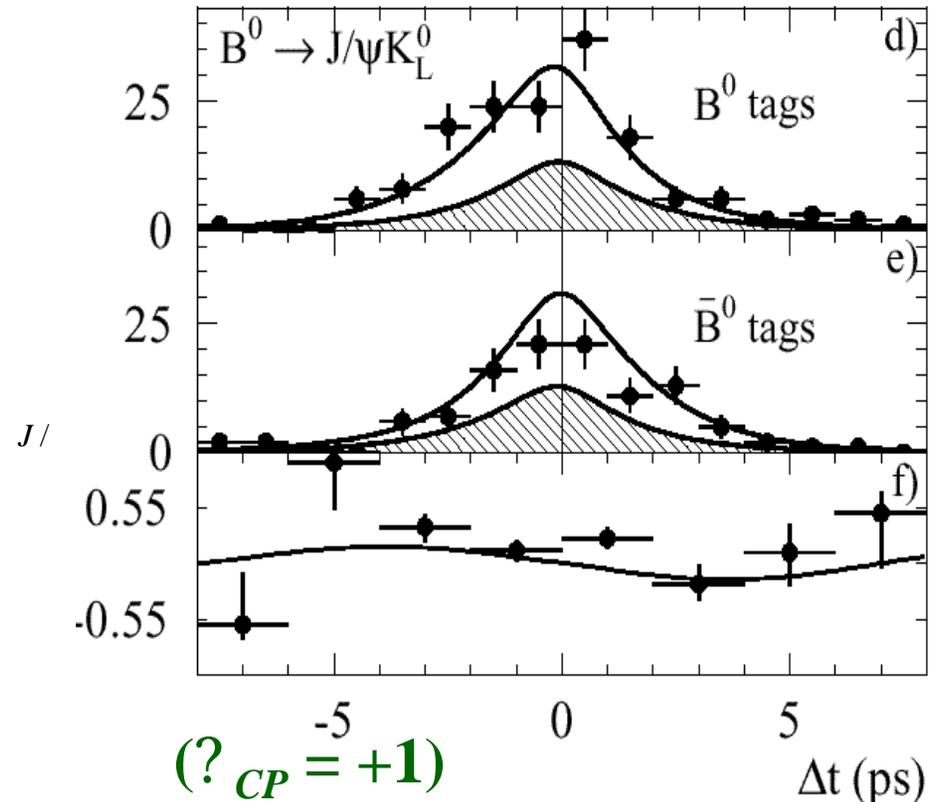


# The $\sin(2\beta)$ Result

(obtained from likelihood fit)



( $?_{CP} = -1$ )



( $?_{CP} = +1$ )

$$\sin(2\beta) = 0.59 \pm 0.14_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.05_{\text{syst}}$$

Prob. of this result if  $CP$  is conserved :  $< 3 \times 10^{-5}$

Prob. of this result if  $CP$  is conserved ( $?_{CP} = -1$ ) :  $< 2 \times 10^{-4}$

Submitted to PRL July 5, 2001



# Future of $\sin^2\theta$ Measurements

- ✦ Increased Statistics in  $(c\bar{c})$  s (Golden) modes:  $B \rightarrow (J/\psi, \psi(2S), \psi_c) K_S^0$
- ✦ Other  $CP$  modes can provide independent measurements:
  - ✦ different quark processes
  - ✦ various penguin contributions
  - ✦ angular analyses for VV modes

## Error in $\sin^2\theta$

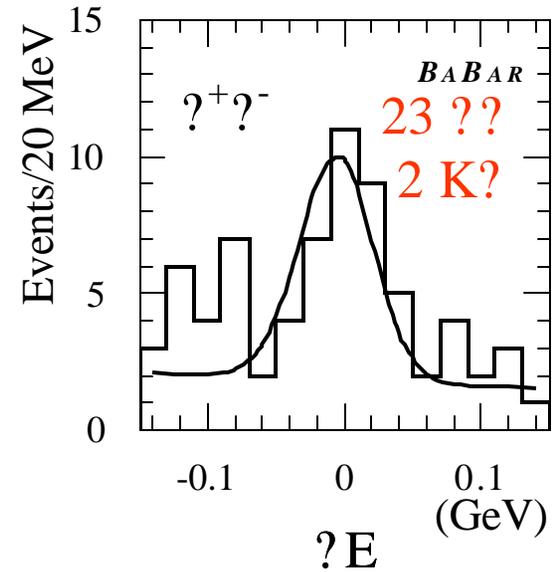
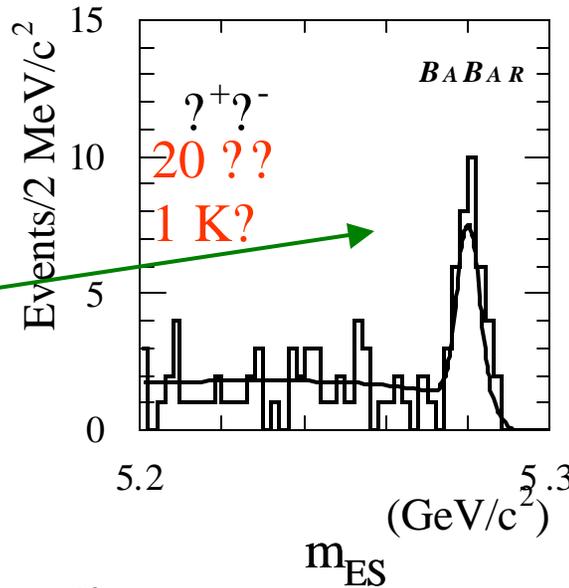
| Luminosity ( $fb^{-1}$ )                                  | 30   | 100  | 500  |
|---|------|------|------|
| $(c\bar{c})$ s ( $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_S, \text{etc}$ ) | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.03 |
| $c\bar{c}d$ ( $B \rightarrow D^{*+} D^{*-}$ )             | --   | 0.3  | 0.13 |
| $s\bar{s}s$ ( $B \rightarrow \psi K_S$ )                  | --   | 0.4  | 0.17 |



# Time-dependent Asymmetries in (rare) $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays

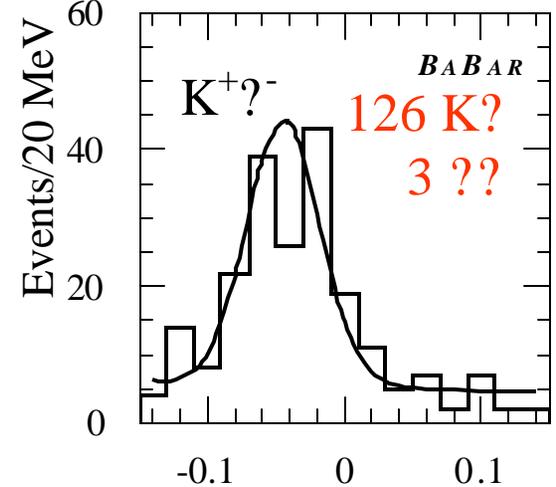
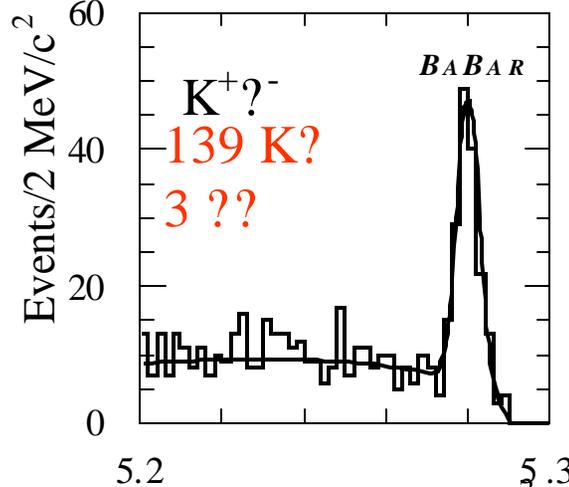
$L = 30.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Events after likelihood  
ratio cuts



Total Yields:

|                     |            |               |            |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| $\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ | <b>65</b>  | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | <b>12</b>  |
| $K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$   | <b>217</b> | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | <b>18</b>  |
| $K^+ K^+ \pi^-$     | <b>4.3</b> | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | <b>6.3</b> |
|                     |            | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | <b>4.3</b> |





# Preliminary Results for $\sin 2a_{\text{eff}}$

$$f_{\gamma}(\gamma t) \approx \frac{e^{(\gamma t/\tau)}}{4} [1 + S_f \sin(\gamma m_d \gamma t) + C_f \cos(\gamma m_d \gamma t)]$$

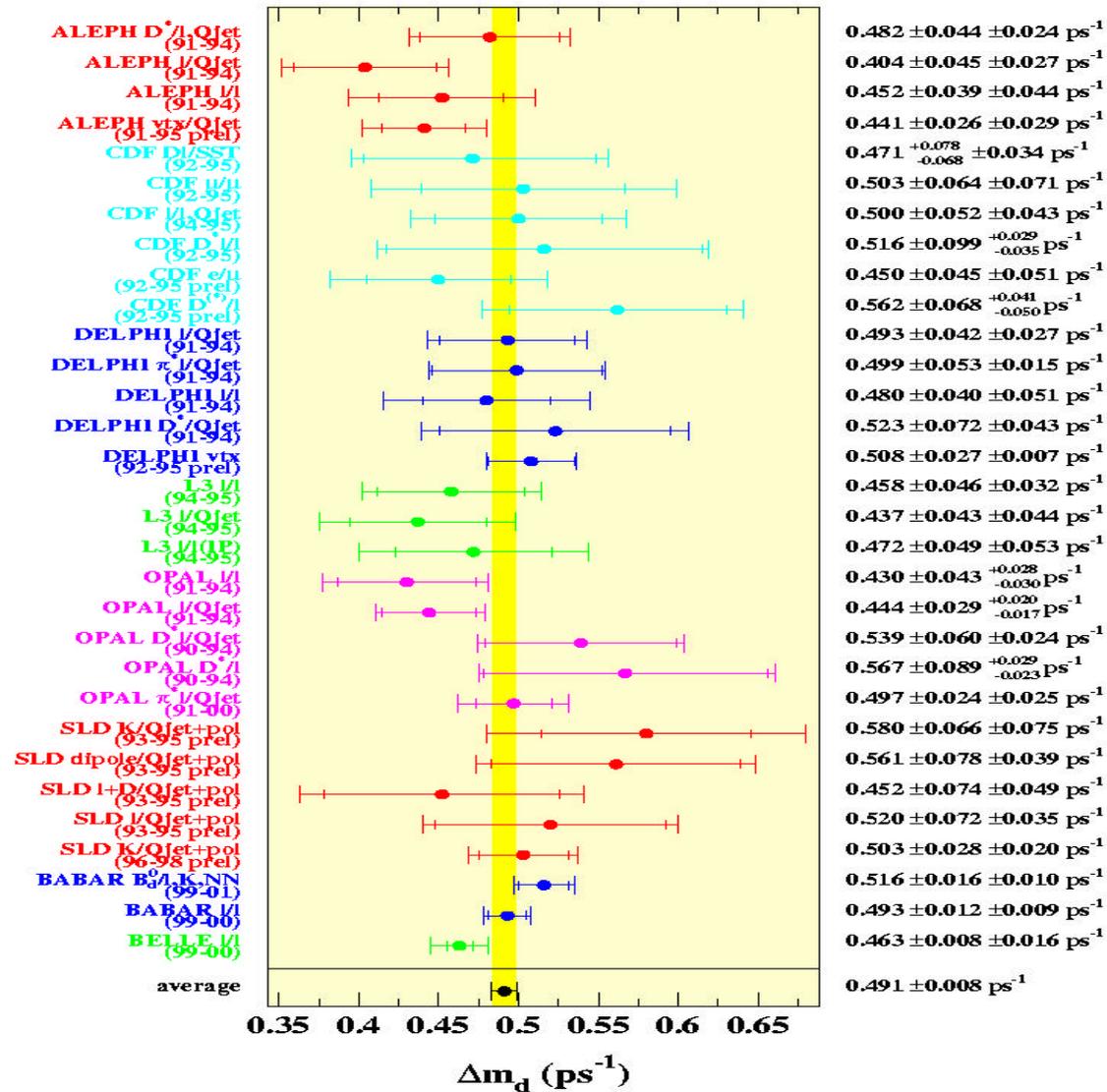
**( $\sin 2 a_{\text{eff}}$ )**

**$S(\gamma \gamma \gamma \gamma) \approx 0.03_{-0.56}^{+0.53}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst})$**

**$C(\gamma \gamma \gamma \gamma) \approx 0.25_{-0.47}^{+0.45}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.14(\text{syst})$**

**$A_{\text{CP}}(K \gamma \gamma) \approx 0.07 \pm 0.08(\text{stat}) \pm 0.02(\text{syst})$**

# ? $m_d$ Measurement in Comparison



## BaBar CP Measurements

| Mode  | BaBar  |
|---|--|
| <u>Sin2<math>\gamma</math></u> ;<br>J/? Ks:<br>J/? Kl :<br>[????for J/? K <sup>0</sup> )  | <u>0.59+/-0.14+/-0.05</u><br>0.45+/-0.18<br>0.70+/-0.34<br>0.93+/-0.09+/-0.03  |
| <u>CP/T in mixing</u><br>AT(Asymmetry in like-sign dileptons)<br> q/p <br> | (0.005+/-0.012+/-0.014)<br>0.998+/-0.006+/-0.007   |
| <u>Sin2<math>\gamma</math>-eff</u> ;<br>S:<br>C:  | 0.03+/-0.53+/-0.11<br>-0.25+/-0.45+/-0.14  |
| <u>Direct CP</u> ;<br>K-???<br>?????<br>? s??<br>?'K+:<br>???<br>???<br>???<br>?????<br>?????<br>???<br>???<br>J????<br>J????                               | -0.07+/-0.08+/-0.02<br>0.00+/-0.18+/-0.04<br>-0.21+/-0.18+/-0.03<br>-0.11+/-0.11+/-0.02<br>-0.01+/-0.29(0.31)+/-0.03<br>-0.05+/-0.020+/-0.03<br>-0.43+/-0.36(0.30)+/-0.06<br>0.00+/-0.27+/-0.03<br>-0.044+/-0.076+/-0.012<br>-0.04+/-0.18+/-0.02<br>0.002+/-0.030+/-0.004<br>0.04+/-0.22+/-0.004 |

## BaBar Measurements of Lifetime and Mixing measurement

| Mode  | BaBar   |
|---|---|
| <u>B<sup>0</sup> lifetime</u> ;<br>Fully reco'ed:<br>Dileptons:<br>B->D*!?:<br>(Partial reco) | 1.546+/-0.032+/-0.022 ps<br>1.557+/-0.028+/-0.027+/-+(0004) ps<br>1.529+/-0.012+/- 0.029 ps |
| <u>B<sup>+</sup> lifetime</u> ;<br>Full Reco:<br>Dileptons:                                   | 1.673+/-0.032+/-0.023 ps<br>1.655+/-0.027+0.027 +/--(0.002) ps                              |
| <u><math>\tau_{m_i}</math></u> ;<br>Fully Reco'ed:<br>Dileptons:                              | 0.516+/-0.016+/-0.010 ps-1<br>0.493+/-0.012+/-0.009 ps-1                                    |

| Mode   | BaBar<br>(Br/10 <sup>-6</sup> )  |
|--|--|
| B0->????<br>B0->K+?-<br>B->K+K-<br>B->????<br>B->K+??<br>B->???+<br>B->K0(bar)K+<br>B->????<br>K0K0(bar) | 4.1+/-1.0+/-0.7<br>16.7+/-1.6+/-1.3<br><2.5<br><9.6(3.4 ??<br>10.8+/-2.1(1.9)+/-1.0<br>18.2+/-3.3(3.0)+/-2.0<br><2.4<br>8.2+/-3.1(2.7)+/-1.2<br><7.3 |
| B0->? K+<br>B0->? K0<br>B0-> ? K*+<br>B0->? K*0<br>B0->? pi+   | 7.7+/-1.6(1.4)+/-0.8<br>8.1+/-3.1(2.5)+/-0.8<br>9.7+/-4.2(3.4)+/-1.7<br>8.7+/-2.5(2.1)+/-1.1<br><1.4   |
| B->' K+<br>B-> ?' eta' k0<br>B-> ?' eta' pi+<br>B-> ? K*0<br>B-> ? K*+<br>B-> ?' X                       | 70+/-8+/-5<br>42+/-13(11)+/-4<br><12<br>19.8+/-6.5(5.6)+/-1.7<br><33.9<br>6.8+/-0.7(1.0)+/0.0(0.5)x10^2  |
| ???<br>???<br>???<br>???   | <4<br><13<br>6.6+/-2.1(1.8)+/-0.7<br><3  |

## Charmless Hadronic B Decays

| Mode  | BaBar<br>(Br/10 <sup>-6</sup> )  |
|---|--|
| <u>B-&gt;h+h-h0</u><br>B?????<br>B->????<br>B->pi+pi-pi0(NR)<br>B->K+????<br>B->f0??<br>? ???????<br>? ????? ?<br>B->?????????<br>Limits on Br. For regions of Dalitz plot<br><br><u>B-&gt;h+h-h+</u><br>B->K+????<br>? ????? ?<br>? ???????<br>? ????? ? ?<br>B->K*0 ?+<br>B->f0(980)K+<br><br>B->?????(a0?? | 28.9+/-5.4+/-4.3<br><10.6<br><7.3<br><br><(3 to 11)<br><br>15.5+/-3.4+/-1.5<br><br><11.5 |



# EW Radiative Penguins

| Mode  | BaBar<br>(Br/10 <sup>-6</sup> )  |
|---|--|
| <b>B-&gt;Xs ?(incl.)</b>  |  |
| <b>B0-&gt;K*0(890) ?</b>  | <b>42.3+/-4.0+/-2.2</b>  |
| <b>B+-&gt;K*+(890) ?</b>  | <b>38.3+/-6.2+/-2.2</b>  |
| <b>B+-&gt;K*2(1430) ?</b>   |  |
| <b>B+-&gt;K+? 0 ?</b><br><b>B+-&gt;K*? + ?</b>                            |  |
| <b>B-&gt;? ? /K* ?</b><br><b>B-&gt;? ?? /K* ?</b>                         |  |
| <b><u>B-&gt;Kl+l--</u></b><br><b>B-&gt;Ke+e--</b><br><b>B-&gt;?????</b>   | <b>&lt;0.5</b><br><b>&lt;0.8(K+); &lt;3.9(K0)</b><br><b>&lt;0.8(K+); &lt;3.7(K0)</b>       |
| <b><u>B-&gt;K*l+l--</u></b><br><b>B-&gt;K*e+e-</b><br><b>B-&gt;K?????</b> | <b>&lt;2.9</b><br><b>&lt;5.8(K*0); &lt;10.5(K*+)</b><br><b>&lt;2.0(K*0); &lt;17.2(K*+)</b> |
| <b>B-&gt;Xs e+e-</b><br><b>B-&gt;Xs ?????</b>                             |  |
| <b>B-&gt;??</b>   | <b>&lt;1.7</b>   |



# Inclusive Measurements

| $(cc)$ state       | $\sigma_{\text{had}} / e^+e^-$ | $\text{BR}(B \rightarrow (cc) X)$ (%) | PDG 2000        |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| $J/\psi$           | $0.995 \pm 0.036$              | $1.044 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.028$           | $1.15 \pm 0.06$ |
| $J/\psi$ direct    | $0.999 \pm 0.045$              | $0.789 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.034$           | $0.80 \pm 0.08$ |
| $\psi(2S)$         | $1.03 \pm 0.16$                | $0.275 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.029$           | $0.35 \pm 0.05$ |
| $\psi_{c1}$        | $1.09 \pm 0.21$                | $0.378 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.026$           | $0.37 \pm 0.07$ |
| $\psi_{c1}$ direct | $1.11 \pm 0.23$                | $0.353 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.024$           | $0.37 \pm 0.07$ |
| $\psi_{c2}$        | $0.78 \pm 0.68$                | $0.137 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.012$           | –               |
| $\psi_{c2}$ limit  |                                | $< 0.21$ 90% C.L.                     | $< 0.38$        |

## $J/\psi$ production in continuum $e^+e^-$ annihilation

$$\sigma_{ee \rightarrow J/\psi X} = (2.52 \pm 0.21_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.21_{\text{syst}}) \text{ pb}$$



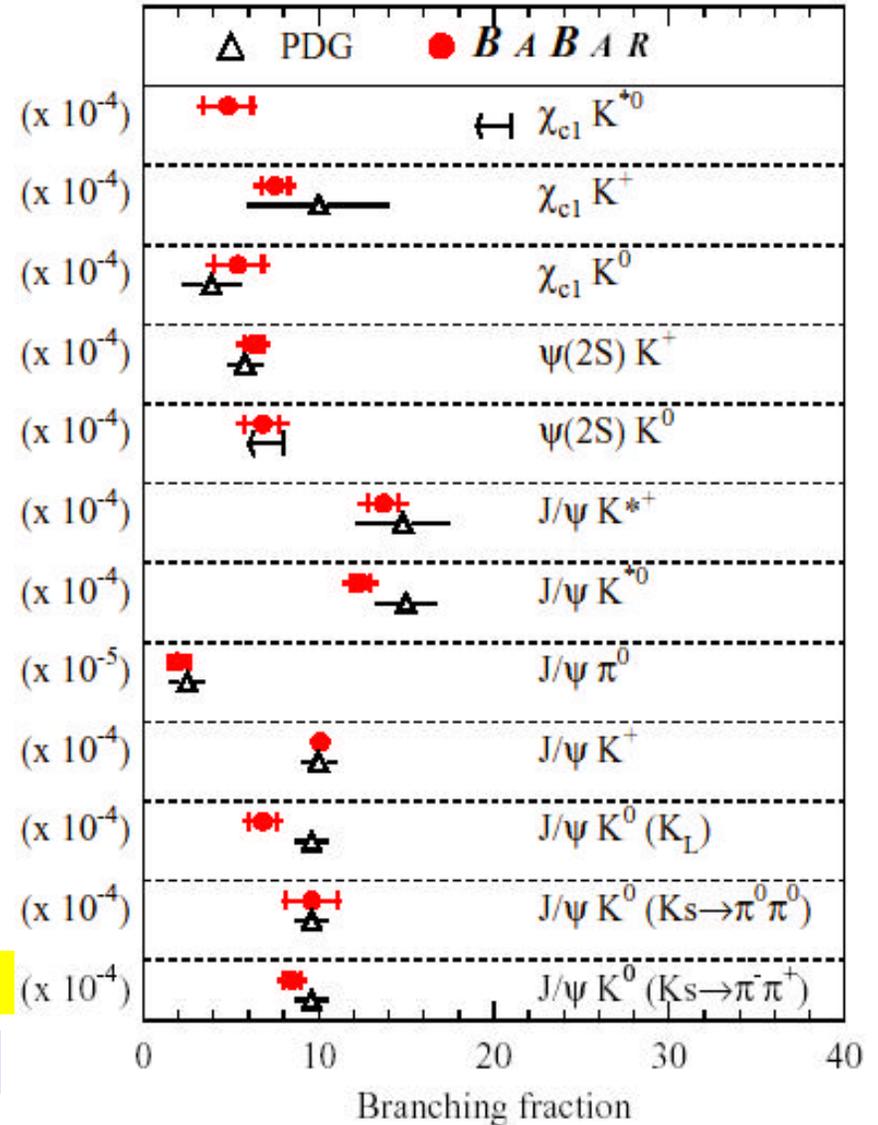
# Exclusive $B$ Decays to Charmonium States

## Branching Fractions Summary

| Mode                               | BR ( $\times 10^{-4}$ )  |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0$       | $8.5 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$    |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$     | $9.6 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.7$    |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_L^0$     | $6.8 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.8$    |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi$ (All)     | $8.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.5$    |
| $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$       | $10.1 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.5$   |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}$    | $12.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.9$   |
| $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*+}$    | $13.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.1$   |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \eta$      | $0.20 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.02$ |
| $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \eta'$     | $0.46 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.08$ |
| $B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S) K^0$     | $6.8 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.1$    |
| $B^+ \rightarrow \psi(2S) K^+$     | $6.3 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.8$    |
| $B^0 \rightarrow \psi_{c1} K^0$    | $5.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.1$    |
| $B^+ \rightarrow \psi_{c1} K^+$    | $7.5 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.8$    |
| $B^0 \rightarrow \psi_{c1} K^{*0}$ | $4.8 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.9$    |

$$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \eta') / \text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) = (3.91 \pm 0.78 \pm 0.19)\%$$

$$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \eta) / \text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) = (5.1 \pm 1.4)\% \text{ PDG}$$



| Mode  | BaBar   |
|---|---|
| <b>B0-&gt;D*+D*-</b>  | <b>0.88+/-0.16+/-0.12x 10<sup>-3</sup></b><br><b>(Rt=0.22+/-0.18+/-0.03)</b>  |
| <b>B-&gt;D0D*-K+</b><br><b>B-&gt;D*-D*0K+</b><br><b>B-&gt;D*D*-K+</b>   | <b>2.8+/-0.7+/-0.5x10<sup>-3</sup></b><br><b>6.8+/-1.7+/-1.7x10<sup>-3</sup></b><br><b>3.4+/-1.6+/-0.9x10<sup>-3</sup></b>                |
| <b>B-&gt;D-D*+ (c.c.)</b><br><b>(partial reco.)</b>   | <b>Seen</b>   |
| <b>B-&gt;D*+K-/D*+? -</b><br><b>B-&gt;D*0K-/D*?? -</b><br><b>B-&gt;D+K-/D+? -</b><br><b>B-&gt;D0K+/D?? +</b><br><b>B-&gt;Dcp K+</b>   | <b>6.6+/-1.3+/-0.6%</b><br><br><br><b>8.3+/-0.6+/-0.3%</b>  |
| <b>B0-&gt;D0??</b><br><b>B0-&gt;D*???</b>   |   |
| <b>B0-&gt;D0 ?</b><br><b>B-&gt;D*0?</b><br><b>B0-&gt;D0 ?</b><br><b>B-&gt;D*0 ?</b>   |   |
| <b>B0-&gt;Ds+ pi-</b><br><b>B0-&gt;Ds+K-</b><br><b>B-&gt;Ds+ X</b><br><b>B-&gt;Ds*+X</b><br><b>B-&gt;Ds(*)+D(*)</b><br><b>B-&gt;Ds*+D(*)</b><br><b>B-&gt;D0 (D0(bar)) X</b><br><b>B-&gt;D+ (D-) X</b> | <b>10.93+/-0.19+/-0.58+/-2.73%</b><br><b>7.9+/-0.8+/-0.7+/-2.0%</b><br><b>5.07+/-0.14+/-0.30+/-1.27%</b><br><b>4.1+/-0.2+/-0.4+/-1.0%</b> |

**B ~~→~~ Charm X**